Environmental Impact of the AI Supply Chain

By Ahmed Elghareeb Center For Digital Trust EPFL How bad is it to "Operate AI"?



Inference carbon emissions

Every 2 images require the same electricity as a modern smartphone takes for a full charge

On the estimate of 13 million daily users, each doing 15 queries.

Emissions would be 10K tons CO2eq/ month.

GPT4 causes 10 to 100 times more emissions than GPT3

Each query 4.32g of CO2

Using a CO2 calculator and some basic math, ChatGPT produces more CO2 per query than Google (apparently, each search query in Google results in 0.2g CO2 per query.)



5

30,000 GPUs to keep it running

Reports earlier this year indicated OpenAl uses over 30,000 Nvidia A100 GPUs to keep the generative Al tool running.



How bad is it to "Train Al"?



Training Emissions

Training emissions of LLAMA models went up from 600 to 2290 tons of CO2eq In the years 2023, and 2024.

Google's greenhouse gas emissions in 2023 were 48% higher than in 2019, according to its latest environmental report. CARBON COST OF TRAINING

Training is the final compute-intensive stage in Al model development, where large datasets are used to iteratively adjust a model's parameters to enable it to recognize patterns and perform tasks.

Researchers estimate it took OpenAl around 34 days to train GPT-3. One passenger flight from New York to San Francisco

Average car lifetime emissions (including fuel)

GPT-3 (175B) 502

63

Llama 3 (70B) **1,900** Metric tons of CO₂ equivalent

Voronoi: The carbon emissions of training AI models LLAMA-3 on hugging Face

Sources: Stanford Al Index Report 2024, Meta, Luccioni et al. 2022, Narayanan et al. 202 How bad is it to "Operate a Data Center for AI"?



Data Centers

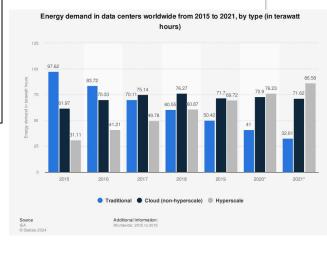
Microsoft & OpenAl consider \$100bn 5GW (~43 TWh/ year) 'Stargate' Al data center



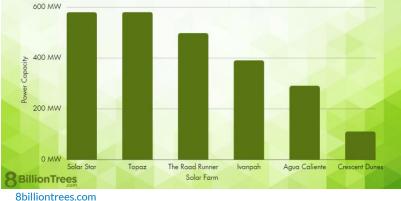


datacenterdynamics.com

ArxiV: COMPUTE AT SCALE



Largest Solar Farms in United States



How thirsty is Al?



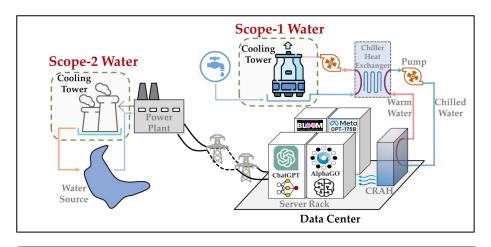
Data Centers - Water footprint

To produce a microchip takes > 8000 liters of Ultra-Pure Water (UPW)

running GPT-3 inference for 10-50 queries consumes 500 millilitres of water

Across the US, data center water consumption is already estimated at 1.7 billion litres per day.

OECD.ai - how much water does AI consume paper: Making AI Less "Thirsty" Joining the 2030 water positive club: Amazon makes Water+ commitment

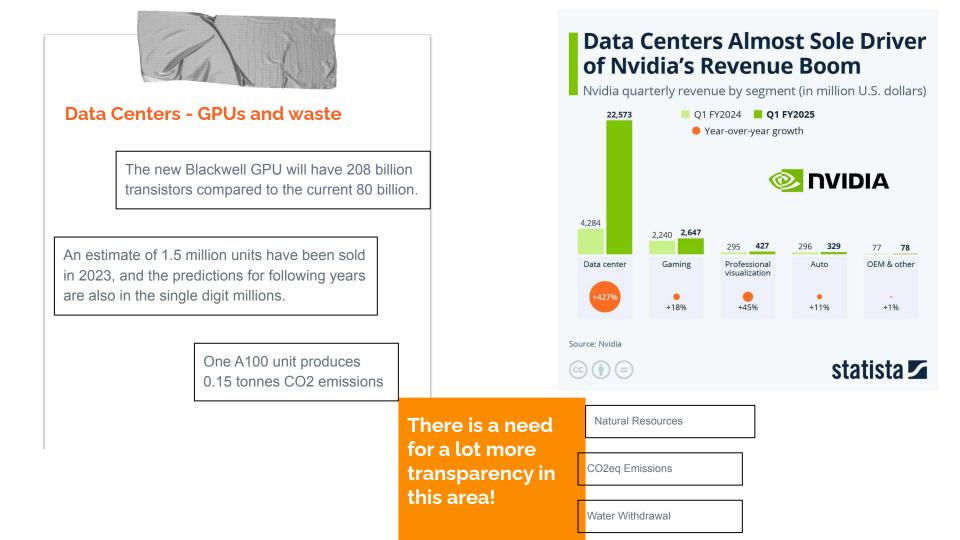


Global AI's Scope 1 & 2 Water Withdrawal in 2027

Est. 4.2~6.6 Billion Cubic Meters



How bad is it to manufacture for Al?



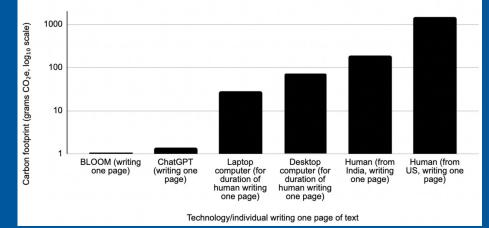
But it's not all bad...



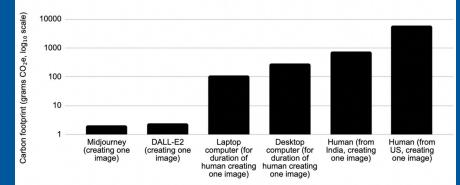
But..

Typical tasks using an LLM might be significantly less than humans performing the same task !

Carbon footprint (grams CO2e) for Text Writing



Carbon footprint (grams CO2e) for Image Creation



nature.com

Then what?

→ Monitoring

The carbon and water footprint of AI and data centers.

→ Transparency

Publish all relevant information, because your users deserve to know.

→ Environmental goals baked-in

Environmental impact should be part of design/ innovation phase not in the feedback stage.

Extra References

- <u>https://www.visualcapitalist.com/carbon-footprint-daily-activities/</u>
- <u>https://clevercarbon.io/</u>
- https://ourworldindata.org/co2-and-greenhouse-gas-emissions
- <u>https://arxiv.org/pdf/2311.16863</u>
- <u>https://www.componentsense.com/blog/the-link-between-ai-electro</u> nics-and-sustainability
- <u>https://chinawaterrisk.org/resources/analysis-reviews/8-things-you-s</u> <u>hould-know-about-water-and-semiconductors/</u>
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Tip

There's a lot of research being done on the environmental impact of AI, and IT in general, and there's many hidden aspects.

Let's keep an eye out!

Advertisement

RSE WG to further research the environmental impact of "IT"

First meeting in January 21st @ 2 PM

Current members: Valerian, Charlotte, Ahmed